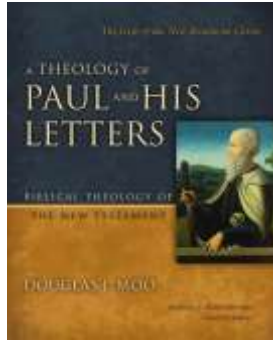


Midterm Exam (Chs 1-16)



True/False

1. The author used “realm” to organize the concepts in Paul’s letters.
2. Paul did not collaborate with fellow Christians.
3. Paul was brought up in Jerusalem.
4. The author believed Galatians was the earliest of Paul’s letters.
5. Paul affirmed the Thessalonians’ salvation through their faith in Christ.
6. Paul sent Timothy to the church in Thessalonica.
7. According to the information in Acts and supporting information in this letter, the author believed Paul wrote to the Romans while he was in Ephesus.
8. Paul believed that the Colossians should debate false teachers in order to convert them.
9. Paul’s letter to the Ephesians does not mention specific issues or people.
10. Paul taught the Philippians that they should live with the mindset of Abraham.

Multiple Choice

1. A synthesis of Paul’s letters includes categorizing:
 - a. the events of the Gospels.
 - b. the content and thought of Paul’s letters.
 - c. the content and thought of all the authors of the New Testament.
 - d. the events of Paul’s life.
2. Biblical theology must be prescriptive, which means:
 - a. it includes what was written before the canon was approved.
 - b. it is studied only in Judaism.
 - c. it applies to the people of today.
 - d. it is seen in relationship to the other books of the canon.
3. Which of these was not a component the author used to organize Paul’s letters?
 - a. Salvation history
 - b. The new realm
 - c. Old Testament beginnings
 - d. Union with Christ at the center
4. A chronological overview of Paul’s life can be constructed using:
 - a. his letters alone.
 - b. the text of Acts alone.
 - c. his letters combined with the accounts of his life in Acts.
 - d. the Gospel of Matthew.

5. Which was *not* an argument Paul used to remind the Galatians of his apostleship?
 - a. The Galatians received the true gospel from Paul.
 - b. He told of his conversion.
 - c. He reminded the Galatians that his gospel came from his revelation of Christ.
 - d. He explained how he had been taught by disciples who had learned directly from Jesus.

6. Paul reminded the Thessalonians that persecutions should not be:
 - a. a surprise.
 - b. expected.
 - c. allowed.
 - d. endured.

7. Paul had to leave Thessalonica because:
 - a. some of the Jews were instigating riots.
 - b. he had another church he urgently needed to visit.
 - c. the Roman government forced him to leave.
 - d. he felt he couldn't help the Thessalonians anymore.

8. What were the Corinthians using to gain power and status in the community?
 - a. Spiritual gifts
 - b. Money
 - c. Their relationship with Paul
 - d. Their Jewish lineage

9. The Corinthians were excluding others from participating in:
 - a. worship services.
 - b. the Lord's Supper.
 - c. fundraisers.
 - d. mission work.

10. Paul referred to Adam as:
 - a. the man of lawlessness.
 - b. an apostle.
 - c. a disciple.
 - d. a life-giving spirit.

11. Paul's relationship with the Corinthians mirrored:
 - a. the relationship between Paul and other apostles.
 - b. God's dealings with his people in Christ.
 - c. the relationship between Moses and Aaron.
 - d. Paul's persecution of the church before his conversion.

12. What did Paul teach would overcome any desire to follow false teachings?
 - a. Attending more church activities
 - b. Reading the Old Testament
 - c. Fellowship with other believers
 - d. Complete knowledge of the gospel

13. Why should Christians "put to death" their sinful thoughts and actions?
 - a. They should be obedient to the law.
 - b. They should be obedient to Paul.
 - c. They should live in a way that earns praise from others.

- d. They should live in a way that reflects their heavenly identity.
14. Which of the following was *not* a reason Paul wrote the letter to the Ephesians?
- To scold them
 - To encourage them
 - To edify them
 - To educate them
15. How does Jesus's resurrection rescue believers from God's wrath?
- Believers live in unity with Christ.
 - Believers live separately from Christ.
 - Believers live in obedience to the law.
 - Believers are transformed by their own works.
16. Who were the "enemies of the cross" that the Philippians were facing?
- It is unclear.
 - The Pharisees
 - Roman soldiers
 - Fellow believers
17. Paul's letter to the Philippians is marked by a strong sense of:
- moral obligation.
 - close fellowship in the gospel.
 - right and wrong.
 - self-interest.
18. Paul taught that the gospel was transmitted:
- through a web of churches.
 - in a chain of people who knew the gospel and lived by it.
 - only through him.
 - without humans being involved.
19. Why did Paul teach that it was important to carefully select elders and deacons?
- The right men would make the church look good in the community.
 - They must be wealthy men in order to keep the church operating.
 - Elders and deacons must be unmarried and without families so that they could focus on the church.
 - They would help keep the church from following false teachers.
20. Paul believed the best way to counter false teachers was:
- involving the court system.
 - through gentle instruction.
 - persuasive arguments.
 - ignoring them.
21. Paul taught that the gospel is rooted in:
- his personal interpretation.
 - the prophets.
 - the Old Testament.
 - Rome.

22. A Christocentric life is one that:
- is focused on Christ.
 - is focused on the law.
 - prioritizes obedience to the Old Testament.
 - None of the above.
23. Paul believed that true faith always produced:
- a larger church.
 - love for others.
 - obedience to the law.
 - blessings.
24. Paul asked that Philemon:
- receive Onesimus as a brother.
 - punish Onesimus.
 - welcome Onesimus but punish him.
 - refuse to welcome Philemon.
25. The phrase “heavenly realm” probably refers to:
- the spiritual realm.
 - heaven.
 - hell.
 - the world.
26. Which of these is *not* one of the ways Paul taught believers to apply his instructions?
- Be humble and love one another.
 - The church should be unified.
 - Sing continuously.
 - Rely on Christ to supply all their needs.
27. Which one of these was *not* mentioned as an influence on the Philippians?
- The Roman culture
 - The Roman institutions
 - Roman churches
 - Roman values
28. Paul told the Philippians that they could live counterculturally because of:
- the assurance of God’s promise.
 - their own strength.
 - their vast knowledge.
 - their unceasing works.
29. Paul believed that he would be _____ on the day of judgment.
- punished
 - rebuked
 - vindicated by God
 - rewarded richly
30. Which of these topics was *not* addressed in the Pastoral Epistles?
- Church organization
 - Church leadership
 - How to start a church
 - Ethics